



Q3 2017 Results Overview





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Q3 2017 Results Summary

Production was flat and unit operating costs were higher for the quarter

	3 months to 30 September 2016			yoy % Change	9 months to 30 September 2016			yoy % Change	Comment
	2016	2017			2016	2017			
Gold produced (oz)	13,428	14,396		+7%	36,760	39,710		+8%	Increased gold production in the quarter due to higher grade
On-mine cost per ounce (\$/oz) ^[1]	618	638		+3%	643	663		+3%	On mine costs remain broadly stable; slight increase due to the short-term effects of equipment in new working areas below 750 metres
All-in Sustaining Cost (\$/oz) ("AISC")	1,004	773		-23%	971	827		-15%	Lower AISC due to lower administrative expenses and sustaining capital expenditure and the recognition of the export incentive credit in 2017
Average realised gold price (\$/oz)	1,312	1,265		-4%	1,247	1,238		-1%	Realised gold price reflects the market price
Gross profit ^[2]	6,780	7,229		+7%	16,604	17,910		+8%	Increased gross profit due to higher production and sales, offset by a lower gold price
Net profit attributable to shareholders	1,118	3,120		+179%	5,268	6,152		+17%	Higher attributable profit for the Quarter due to higher gross profit and reduced administrative and share-based payment expenses
Adjusted basic earnings per share ("EPS") ^[3] (cents)	22.1	40.8		+85%	65.4	87.3		+33%	Increased adjusted EPS for the Quarter due to higher attributable profit and the add-back of deferred taxation
Cash and cash equivalents	12,390	11,830		-5%	12,390	11,830		-5%	Cash position remains robust despite increased capital expenditure
Cash from operating activities	7,107	10,118		+42%	16,071	16,598		+3%	Cash from operating activity benefits from reduced working capital

1 - Non-IFRS measures such as "On-mine cost per ounce", "AISC" and "average realised gold price" are used throughout this document. Refer to Section 10 of this MD&A for a discussion of non-IFRS measures.

2 - Gross profit is after deducting royalties, production costs and depreciation but before administrative expenses, other income, interest and finance charges and taxation.

3 - Adjusted EPS is a non-IFRS measure which aims to reflect Caledonia's ordinary trading performance. Refer to Section 10 of this MD&A for a discussion of non-IFRS measures. Per share data for current and prior periods has been adjusted to reflect the effective 1-for-5 share consolidation which was effected on June 26, 2017



Income Statement

Higher costs, taxation and share based payment expenses led to a decrease in EPS

Summary P&L (US\$m)	3 months ended September 30			9 months ended September 30		
	2016	2017	yoy % Change	2016	2017	yoy % Change
Revenue	17.6	18.2	+3%	46.7	50.2	+7%
Royalty	(0.9)	(0.9)	+3%	(2.3)	(2.5)	+7%
Production costs	(9.1)	(9.1)	+0%	(25.2)	(27.0)	+7%
G&A costs	(2.0)	(1.6)	-20%	(5.2)	(4.5)	-13%
EBITDA	5.7	6.6	+17%	14.0	16.1	+15%
Depreciation	(0.9)	(1.0)	+14%	(2.6)	(2.7)	+6%
Other income	0.0	0.7		0.1	1.9	
Foreign exchange gain/(loss)	(0.1)	(0.0)		(0.3)	0.0	
Share based payments	(0.5)	(0.1)	-85%	(0.7)	(1.4)	+93%
Sale of Blanket Mine treasury bills	-	-		3.2	-	
Margin call on gold hedge	-	-		(0.4)	-	
Operating Profit	4.2	6.2	+49%	13.1	13.8	+5%
Finance Charges	(0.1)	(0.0)		(0.1)	(0.0)	
Profit before tax	4.1	6.2	+51%	13.0	13.8	+6%
Tax	(2.3)	(2.3)	+2%	(5.8)	(5.9)	+1%
Net Profit	1.8	3.9	+113%	7.2	7.9	+10%
Attributable to:						
Caledonia Shareholders	1.1	3.1	+179%	5.3	6.2	+17%
NCI	0.7	0.8		1.9	1.8	
Earnings per share (cents)						
EPS (cents)	10.0	29.0	+190%	49.0	57.0	+16%
Adjusted EPS (cents)*	22.0	41.0	+86%	65.0	87.0	+34%

Higher revenues due to higher production offset by a lower realised gold price

Production costs were flat in the quarter and include incremental costs arising from new production areas e.g. declines below 750 metres

Profit in 2017 also benefits from lower admin costs and the recognition of the export incentive credit at 3.5% of revenues

Net profit for the 9 months in 2016 was boosted by a large one-off gain in the sale of Blanket mine treasury bills

NCI is calculated at 16.2% of Blanket earnings

Adjusted eps primarily excludes deferred taxation



Production and Revenues

Effect of Changes in Production, Gold Price

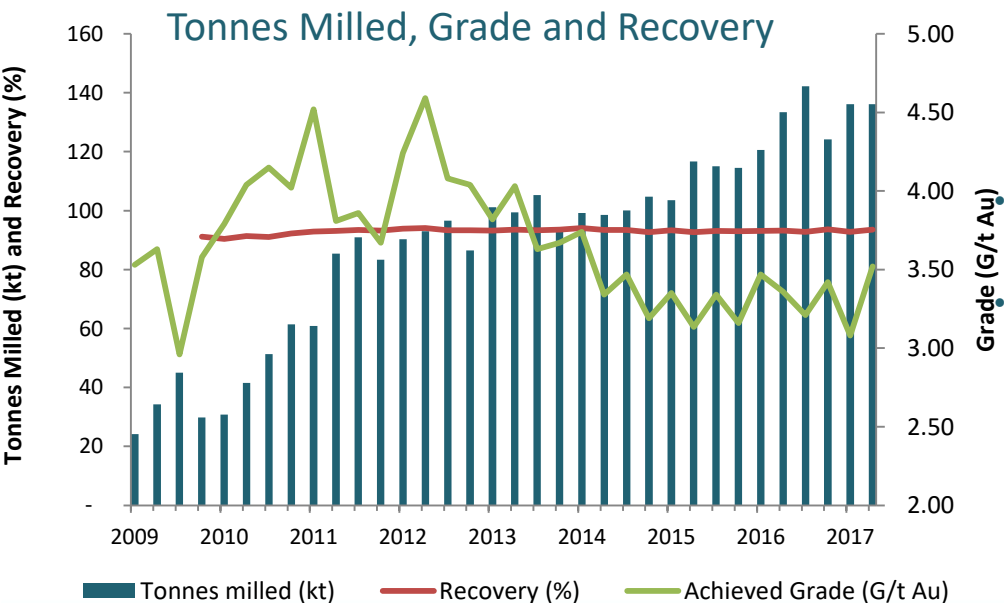
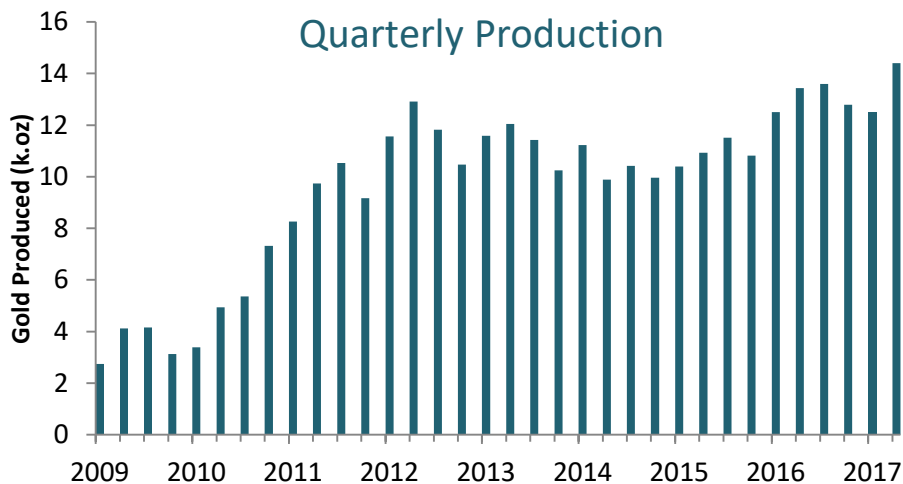
Production and Revenues	3 months to 30 September			9 months to 30 September		
	2016	2017	% change	2016	2017	% change
Tonnes Milled (000's)	133,375	136,064	+2%	368,492	396,452	+8%
Average grade (g/t)	3.36	3.52	+5%	3.33	3.34	+0%
Average recovery (%)	93.2	93.6	+0%	93.1	93.4	+0%
Gold Production (oz)	13,428	14,396	+7%	36,760	39,711	+8%
Average realised gold price (\$/oz)	1,312	1,265	-4%	1,247	1,238	-1%
Gold revenues (\$m)	17.6	18.2	+3%	46.7	50.2	+7%

- Production in Q1 and Q2 of 2017 was adversely affected by logistical constraints on 22 Level (750 metres below surface) which restricted tonnage and hampered mining flexibility i.e. the ability to access higher grade areas
- Management have implemented various mitigating actions which have resulted in a modest improvement in tonnes and grade. Typically, a higher grade also results in improved recovery



Gold Production

Operations remain on track for 80,000 ounces by 2021



- Underground logistical constraints have been partially addressed, but will not be completely resolved until the Central Shaft is commissioned in early 2020
 - November: commence mid-shaft loading of development waste using the Central Shaft:
 - A temporary expedient (6 months) after which shaft sinking will resume
 - Allows No. 4 Shaft to focus on hoisting ore
 - Allows horizontal development on 870 level to catch up to plan.
 - Grade has recovered in the quarter, but remains below the mine average:
 - Further grade improvement is expected as higher grade deeper resources
- 2017 production target of 52,000 to 57,000 ounces of gold has been narrowed to 54,000 to 56,000 ounces
- Management is confident of delivering the longer term target of 80,000 ounces by 2021



Production Costs

On-mine costs remain contained; substantial drop in AISC

	3 Months to September 30			9 Months to September 30		
	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>Change</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>Change</u>
On-mine cost (\$/oz)	618	638	+3%	643	663	+3%
All-in Sustaining Cost (\$/oz)	1,004	773	-23%	951	827	-13%
Tonned Milled (t)	133,375	136,064	+2%	368,492	396,452	+8%
Cost per tonne milled (\$/t)	62.2	67.5	+9%	65.4	67.7	+4%
Production costs (\$ 000's)						
Salaries, wages and bonuses				9,914	10,566	+7%
Consumable materials				12,429	13,753	+11%
Site restoration				-	24	
Exploration				449	307	-32%
Safety				357	382	+7%
On mine administration				2,064	1,960	-5%
				25,213	26,992	+7%

- Blanket did not experience significant inflationary pressure on input costs. Modest increase in on-mine costs due to the increased costs arising from new underground equipment and the opening of new production ends
- Cost per tonne milled increased by 9% due to abnormal intercompany adjustments in Q3 2016.
- AISC reduced by 23% quarter-on-quarter due to:
 - the recognition of the export incentive credit in 2017 (this was only recognised at the end of 2016)
 - lower sustaining capex (\$98k in Q3 2017 was unusually low)
 - Lower G&A



General & Administrative Costs

G&A costs reduced

9 Months to 30 September

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>Change</u>
Investor relations	478	414	-13%
Eersteling gold mine holding costs	81	124	+53%
Audit fee	148	170	+15%
Advisory services fee	1,596	688	-57%
Listing fees	237	289	+22%
Travel	393	303	-23%
Directors fee – Company	173	191	+10%
Directors fee – Blanket	35	27	-23%
Employee costs	1,788	2,018	+13%
Other office administration cost	294	317	+8%
	5,223	4,541	-13%

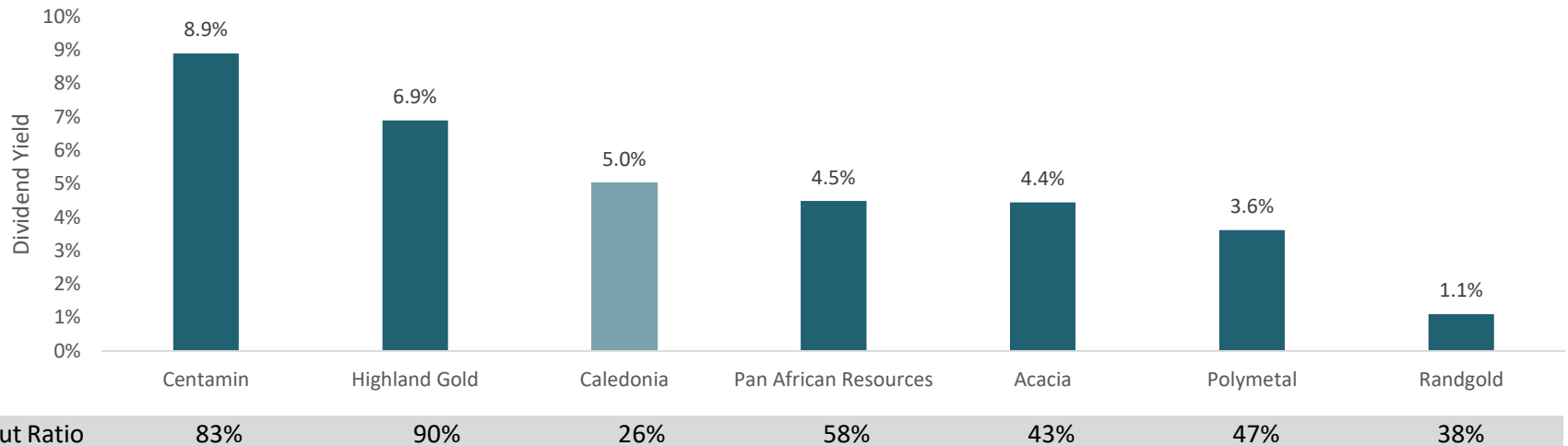
- G&A costs for the 9 months to September 30 were 13% lower year-on-year
 - Lower advisory fees due to use of in-house legal resource and the reduced costs of evaluating external investment opportunities
- Gains in the South African Rand were sustained in the quarter leading to sustained higher South African employee costs
- Increased head office capacity also contributed to the increased employee costs



Dividend

A track record of sustainable and increasing dividends

Dividend Sector Comparison

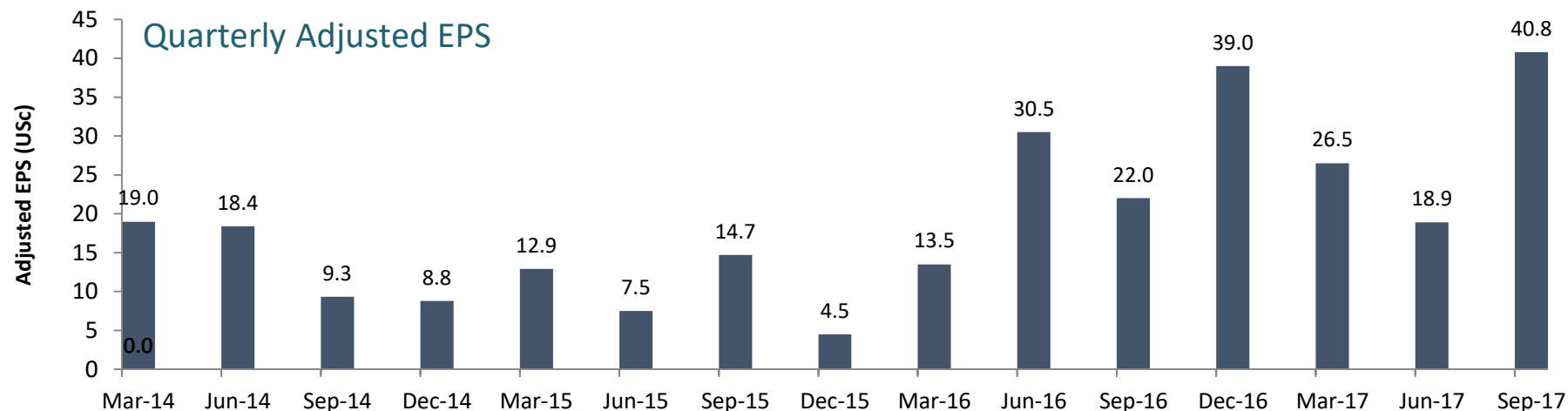


- Dividends have been paid each quarter since January 2014 over a period of sustained weakness in the gold price and a significant capital investment programme – a testament to the cash generating potential of Caledonia
- Following the re-domicile to Jersey in March 2016, Caledonia's dividends no longer attract Canadian withholding tax resulting in a significant increase in the net dividend received by non-Canadian shareholders
- Following the company's 1 for 5 share consolidation in June 2017 the quarterly dividend was increased five-fold to 6.875 US cents per share
- Conservative payout ratio: the dividend paid in October 2017 (6.875 cents) is 4.2 times covered by Q3 earnings and 14 times covered by net cash from operating activities
- Total dividends paid since dividends commenced in February 2013: US\$7.97 per post consolidation share



Earnings per Share

A strong recovery



	3 months ended September 30			9 months ended September 30		
	2016	2017	% change	2016	2017	% change
Attributable Profit (IFRS)	1,118	3,120	+179%	5,268	6,152	+17%
Adjustments for:						
IFRS 19 adjustment	40	50		40	50	
Equity-settled share based payments	-	-		-	806	
Foreign exchange	132	(65)	-149%	332	(84)	-125%
Deferred tax	1,004	1,199	19%	3,544	2,288	-35%
Sale of Blanket Mine treasury bills	-	-		(2,378)	-	
Adjusted profit	2,294	4,304	+88%	6,806	9,212	+35%
Weighted average shares in issue (m)*	10.4	10.5		10.4	10.5	
Adjusted EPS (cents)	22.1	40.8	+85%	65.4	87.3	+33%



Cash Flow

Strong cash generation despite significant investment and dividends

	3 months ended September 30		9 months ended September 30	
	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>
Cash flows from operating activities				
Cash generated from operations	8,057	11,652	17,892	19,526
Net interest paid	(52)	(116)	(142)	(121)
Tax paid	(898)	(1,418)	(1,679)	(2,807)
Net cash from operating activities	7,107	10,118	16,071	16,598
Cash flows from investing activities				
Acquisition of Property, plant and equipment	(4,440)	(8,056)	(12,670)	(15,575)
Proceeds from property, plant and equipment	19	-	78	-
Net cash used in investing activities	(4,421)	(8,056)	(12,592)	(15,575)
Cash flows from financing activities				
Dividends paid	(925)	(964)	(2,122)	(2,416)
Repayment of term loan facility	-	(375)	-	(1,125)
Share repurchase	-	-	-	(146)
Share issued	48	84	153	84
Net cash used in financing activities	(877)	(1,255)	(1,969)	(3,603)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	1,809	807	1,510	(2,580)
Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash held	-	145	-	75
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period	10,581	10,878	10,880	14,335
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	12,390	11,830	12,390	11,830

- Cash from operating activities remains robust
- High capex in Q3 2017 was according to plan
- Caledonia anticipates that its cash resources in conjunction with further cash generation will allow dividend to be sustained and continue the capital investment programme at Blanket



Balance Sheet

Financial position remain robust through the investment cycle

	<u>Dec-16</u>	<u>Sep-17</u>
Fixed Assets	64,917	77,027
Current Assets		
Inventories	7,222	8,098
Prepayments	810	2,001
Trade and other receivables	3,425	5,813
Cash and cash equivalents	14,335	11,830
Total assets	90,709	104,769
Non-current Liabilities		
Provisions	3,456	3,481
Deferred tax liability	15,909	18,213
Cash-settled share based payments	618	1,224
Long-term portion of term loan facility	1,577	333
Total non-current liabilities	21,560	23,251
Current Liabilities		
Short-term portion of term loan facility	1,410	1,666
Trade and other payables	8,077	13,135
Income taxes payable	345	1,113
Total liabilities	31,392	39,165
Total equity	59,317	65,604
Total equity and liabilities	90,709	104,769

- Caledonia Mining's balance sheet has remained strong through a period of cyclically low gold prices and significant capital investment over the past 2 years.
- Increased fixed assets reflects the continued investment in the Central Shaft
- Term debt is in Zimbabwe
- Increase in trade payables reflects restrictions on Blanket's ability to effect offshore payments to suppliers and service providers due to the shortage of foreign exchange in Zimbabwe



Operational Matters

- Underground logistical constraints have been partially addressed
 - Improved rostering of underground employees; improved maintenance of haulages
 - Introduction of mid-shaft loading using Central shaft from November 2017
 - A temporary measure: allows No.4 Shaft to focus on hauling ore;
 - Allows development on 26 level (870m) to catch up to plan
- New projects enhance mine flexibility until the Central Shaft has been completed
 - Decline 1 into AR South is being extended from 785m below surface to 870m below surface
 - Decline 2 will provide improved access to the AR Main ore body below 750m
 - Both declines will allow the exploitation of deeper level ore bodies until the Central Shaft is operational
- Metallurgical recoveries continue to be affected by unreliable oxygen supply
 - Liquid oxygen is being used as a temporary measure pending the installation of a new plant
 - Recoveries of 92.8% for the quarter remain acceptable
 - Installation of a new oxygen plant is likely to be delayed due to foreign exchange shortages
- Resource update increases total resources by 326,000 ounces
 - M&I increases by 6% from 671,000 ounces to 714,000 ounces
 - Inferred increases by 47% from 604,000 ounces to 887,000 ounces
 - Encouraging results (above and below 750 metres)
 - The increased resource justifies the continuation of the central shaft project from 1,080 metres to 1,330 metres



Operational Matters

Extend the Central Shaft to 1,320 metres

- Central Shaft is the main component of the investment programme at Blanket Mine
 - The plan commenced in early 2015 and envisages production of 80,000 ounces by 2021 with a mine life until 2027 based on the resources existing at December 2014 to a depth of 1080 metres
 - Central Shaft is currently at a depth of 870 metres
- The resource upgrade on November 2, 2017 identified additional indicated resources below 30 level (i.e. the lowest level of operation under the existing plan) which justifies the further deepening of the shaft to a target depth of 1,330 metres
 - The extension will add two further production levels: 34 level (1,110 metres) and 38 level (1,230 metres)
 - The extension will cost \$18m and will be funded from internal cash generation: no adverse effect expected on the Caledonia dividend
 - The two additional production levels will provide access to indicated and inferred resources below 30 level and potentially extend Blanket's mine life from 2027 to 2031
 - Project NPV (@10%) over the revised life of mine: \$193 million
- Implementing the shaft extension now (i.e. before the shaft is completed and equipped to 1,080 metres) will be cheaper, quicker and less disruptive than a subsequent deepening after commissioning
- Extending the Central Shaft is a low-cost, low-risk opportunity to substantially increase NPV



- Focus remains on the investment programme to increase production to 80,000 ounces by 2021
 - Creates greater operational flexibility for continued deep-level exploration and development
- Guidance for 2017 of 54,000 to 56,000 ounces
 - On mine cash costs are forecast to be \$615-\$645 per ounce and AISC of \$820-860 per ounce
 - Costs are anticipated to continue to trend downwards as the benefit of increased throughput and low marginal costs are realised
- Increased focus on deep level drilling continues
 - Resource updates are expected to be issued periodically
- Conservative approach to cash management
 - Retain the financial capacity to
 - » continue the investment programme
 - » accommodate a lower gold price
 - » maintain the current dividend
 - » withstand commercial instability that may arise in Zimbabwe in the forthcoming election period